

# westcoat

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Self Leveling Cement - White

Product Code: 60-TC25-00

WESTCOAT SPECIALTY COATING SYSTEMS 4007 Lockridge St

San Diego, CA 92102

Information Telephone: 800-250-4519 Emergency Telephone: 800-424-9300

Ratings:	40		
Skin corrosive	1B	Destruction of dermal tissue: Exposure < 1 hour Observation <	
	24	14 days, visible necrosis in at least one animal	
Eye corrosive	2A	Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days	
Respiratory sensitizer	1B	Respiratory sensitizer	
Skin sensitizer	1	Skin sensitizer	
Carcinogen	1B	Presumed Human Carcinogen, Based on demonstrated animal carcinogenicity	
S Hazards			
H314	Causes severe	skin burns and eye damage	
H317	May cause an a	llergic skin reaction	
H319	Causes serious	eye irritation	
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled		
H350	May cause cancer		
H372	Causes damage	e to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
S Precautions			
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood		
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray		
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray		
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling		
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace		
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection		
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required		
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician		
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse		
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting		
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water		
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse		
D204 1 D240	skin with water/shower		
P304+P340		emove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for	
D205+D251+D220	breathing		
P305+P351+P338		se continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact	
P308+P313		t and easy to do – continue rinsing oncerned: Get medical advice/attention	

P333+P313 P337+P313 P405

#### Signal Word: Danger



#### Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
Silica, amorphous	7631-86-9	40.00% - 50.00%
Cement, portland, chemicals	65997-15-1	20.00% - 30.00%
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1)	471-34-1	5.00% - 10.00%
Quartz	14808-60-7	5.00% - 10.00%
Cement, alumina, chemicals	65997-16-2	5.00% - 10.00%
Calcium sulfate	7778-18-9	1.00% - 5.00%
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	13397-24-5	1.00% - 5.00%

#### Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

#### First aid measures for different exposure routes

INHALATION: If dust from the material is inhaled, remove the affected person immediately to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

EYE CONTACT: Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

INGESTION: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

GENERAL INFORMATION: If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED: Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Upper respiratory tract irritation. Coughing. Discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath. Wheezing. Skin irritation.

INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED: Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### Section 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use an extinguishing suitable for the surrounding fire.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

SPECIFIC HAZARS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

HAZARDOUS THERMAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: May include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur decomposition oxides and metal oxide/oxides.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIREFIGHTERS: Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

FIRE FIGTING EQUIPMENT/INSTRUCTIONS: Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

SPECIFIC METHODS: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

#### Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe dust. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

#### Methods and materials for containment and clean up

Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. If sweeping of a contaminated area is necessary, use a dust suppressant agent which does not react with the product. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Avoid discharge into drains or water courses.

#### Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTION FOR SAFE HANDLING: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

#### Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Silica, amorphous 7631-86-9	Not Established	Not Established	NIOSH: 6 mg/m3 TWA
Cement, portland, chemicals 65997-15-1	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	1 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction)	NIOSH: 10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1) 471-34-1	Not Established	Not Established	NIOSH: 10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)
Quartz 14808-60-7	Not Established	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	NIOSH: 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)
Cement, alumina, chemicals 65997-16-2	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Calcium sulfate 7778-18-9	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	10 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction)	NIOSH: 10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) 13397-24-5	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	10 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction, listed under Calcium sulfate)	NIOSH: 10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ventilation should be sufficient to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any dusts or fumes that may be generated during handling or thermal processing. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

EYE/FACE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses or safety goggles unless full face respirator is in use .

SKIN/HAND PROTECTION: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

OTHER: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

THERMAL HAZARDS: Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

GENERAL HYGIENE CONSIDERATIONS: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

#### Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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Odor : Odorless
PH : N/A
Boiling point : 2230°C
Evaporation rate : N/A
LEL/UEL : N/A
Vapor density : N/A
Solubility : Slightly
Autoignition temp : N/A
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Viscosity : N/A

#### Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).

REACTIVITY: The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport .

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Powerful oxidizers.

HAZARDOUS DESCOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon oxides. Sulfur oxides. Silicium oxide.

#### Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mixture Toxicity Oral Toxicity LD50: 4,972mg/kg Component Toxicity 14808-60-7 Quartz

Oral LD50: 500 mg/kg (Rat)

Exposure to this material may affect the following organs:

#### Effects of Overexposure

INHALATION: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

SKIN CONTACT: Causes skin irritation. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.

EYE CONTACT: Causes serious eye damage. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.

INGESTION: Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

#### Symtoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological

CHARACTERISTICS: Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Upper respiratory tract irritation. Coughing. Discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath. Wheezing. Skin irritation.

#### Information on toxicological effects

ACUTE TOXICITY: May cause respiratory irritation.

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION: Causes skin irritation.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION: Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION: No data available.

SKIN SENSITIZATION: No data available.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

#### CARCINOGENICITY: May cause cancer.

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the

main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer

risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE: May cause respiratory irritation.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE: May cause damage to organs (Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

ASPIRATION HAZARD: Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury, including silicosis. May cause skin disorders if contact is repeated or prolonged.

CAS Number 14808-60-7 <u>Description</u> Quartz <u>% Weight</u> 5 to 10% Carcinogen Rating Quartz: NIOSH: potential occupational carcinogen IARC: Human carcinogen OSHA: listed

#### Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Calcium sulfate	96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 2980 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: >1970 mg/L [static]	
Component Ecotoxicity Silica, amorphous	96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio: 5000 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Ceriodaphnia dubia: 7600 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 440 mg/L	

DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS: Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

LOCAL DISPOSAL REGULATIONS: Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

HAZARDOUS WASTE CODE: The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

WASTE FROM RESIDUES / UNUSED PRODUCTS: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION					
This material is classified for transport as follows:					
<u>Agency</u> DOT	Proper Shipping Name Non-Regulated Material	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class	

### Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING! This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin:

14808-60-7 Quartz 5 to 10 %

**CERCLA-SARA Hazard Category**: This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

- None

**Sara Section 313**: This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

- None

#### Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend \* = Chronic Health Hazard 0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2 = MODERATE 3 = HIGH

Westcoat Specialty Coating Systems believes, to the best of its knowledge, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Westcoat Specialty Coating Systems makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination . It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

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