



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: WB Gloss Polyurethane Sealer Product Code: 80-SC65A-98

**WESTCOAT SPECIALTY COATING SYSTEMS**  
4007 Lockridge St  
San Diego, CA 92102

Information Telephone: 800-250-4519  
Emergency Telephone: 800-424-9300

## Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### GHS Ratings:

Oral Toxicity	Acute Tox. 4	Oral>300+<=2000mg/kg
Skin corrosive	3	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 1.5 < 2.3
Skin sensitizer	1	Skin sensitizer

### GHS Hazards

H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction

### GHS Precautions

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
P235	Keep cool
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P264	Wash ... thoroughly after handling
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P321	Specific treatment (see ... on this label)
P330	Rinse mouth
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
P333+P313	If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use ... for extinction
P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool
P501	Dispose of contents/container to ...

**Signal Word: Warning**



### Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	5131-66-8	1.00% - 5.00%
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	1.00% - 5.00%
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8	1.00% - 5.00%

### Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **First aid measures for different exposure routes**

**INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cups full of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**Aspiration hazard:** Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention.

### Section 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, and Water Fog.

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Keep containers tightly closed.

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred.

### Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**FOR NON-EMERGENCY PERSONNEL:** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**FOR EMERGENCY RESPONDERS:** If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

**PRECAUTION FOR SAFE HANDLING:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

**CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE:** Keep from freezing. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

## Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
1-Butoxy-2-propanol 5131-66-8	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Triethanolamine 102-71-6	Not Established	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	Not Established
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether 34590-94-8	100 ppm TWA; 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 150 ppm STEL; 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

**SKIN PROTECTION:** Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

**EYE PROTECTION:** Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

## Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Appearance :</b> Liquid, Milky <b>Odor threshold :</b> N/A <b>Melting point :</b> N/A <b>Flash Pt(F/C) :</b> 167°F,75°C	<b>Odor :</b> Mild <b>PH :</b> N/A <b>Boiling point :</b> 100°C <b>Evaporation rate :</b> 0.38
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<b>Flammability (solid, gas) : N/A</b> <b>Vapor pressure : N/A</b> <b>Relative density : 1.05</b> <b>Partition coefficient:n- N/A</b> <b>octanol/water :</b> <b>Decomposition temp : N/A</b>	<b>LEL/UEL : N/A</b> <b>Vapor density : 5.1</b> <b>Solubility : Dilutable</b> <b>Autoignition temp : 270°C</b>  <b>Viscosity : N/A</b>
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**Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalis .

**Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Mixture Toxicity**  
Oral Toxicity LD50: 518mg/kg

**Component Toxicity**

5131-66-8	1-Butoxy-2-propanol Oral LD50: 1,900 mg/kg (Rat)
102-71-6	Triethanolamine Oral LD50: 4,190 mg/kg (Rat)

**Effects of Overexposure**

EYE CONTACT: Causes eye irritation. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

SKIN CONTACT: Substance may cause slight skin irritation. Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

INHALATION: Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel . High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist.

INGESTION: Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact.

**Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Component Ecotoxicity**

Triethanolamine	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 10600 - 13000 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: >1000 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 450 - 1000 mg/L [static] 72 Hr EC50 Desmodemus subspicatus: 216 mg/L; 96 Hr EC50 Desmodemus subspicatus: 169 mg/L
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: >10000 mg/L [static] 48 Hr LC50 Daphnia magna: 1919 mg/L

**Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances . Do not allow to entering waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems .

**Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

This material is classified for transport as follows:

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Proper Shipping Name</u>	<u>UN Number</u>	<u>Packing Group</u>	<u>Hazard Class</u>
DOT	Non-Regulated Material			

**Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):** WARNING!

This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin:

- None

**CERCLA-SARA Hazard Category:** This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

- None

**Sara Section 313:** This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

- None

**Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

**Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**

<b>HEALTH</b>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<b>HMIS &amp; NFPA Hazard Rating Legend</b> * = Chronic Health Hazard <b>0 = INSIGNIFICANT</b> <b>1 = SLIGHT</b> <b>2 = MODERATE</b> <b>3 = HIGH</b>
<b>FLAMMABILITY</b>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	
<b>PHYSICAL HAZARD</b>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	
<b>PERSONAL PROTECTION</b>	<input type="text" value="X"/>	

Westcoat Specialty Coating Systems believes, to the best of its knowledge, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Westcoat Specialty Coating Systems makes no warranty,

expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Reviewer Revision

Date Prepared: 5/16/2016



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Clear Product Code: 80-SC65B-98

**WESTCOAT SPECIALTY COATING SYSTEMS**  
4007 Lockridge St  
San Diego, CA 92102

Information Telephone: 800-250-4519  
Emergency Telephone: 800-424-9300

## Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### GHS Ratings:

Inhalation Toxicity	Acute Tox. 4	Gases>2500+<=5000ppm, Vapors>10+<=20mg/l, Dusts&mists>1+<=5mg/l
Skin sensitizer	1	Skin sensitizer
Organ toxin single exposure	3	Transient target organ effects- Narcotic effects- Respiratory tract irritation

### GHS Hazards

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

### GHS Precautions

P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P333+P313	If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P405	Store locked up
P403+P233	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P501	Dispose of contents/container to ...

**Signal Word: Warning**



## Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer	28182-81-2	70.00% - 80.00%
Cyclohexanamine, N,N-dimethyl-, compounds with 3-(cyclohexylamino)-1-propanesulfonic acid-blocked 1,6-diisocyanatohexane homopolymer	666723-27-9	10.00% - 20.00%

#### Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

##### First aid measures for different exposure routes

**INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for a least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cups full of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**Aspiration hazard:** Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention.

#### Section 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Use dry chemical, CO2, Water spray (fog) or foam.

**UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Do not use water jet.

**SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL:** Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

**HAZARDOUS THERMAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides.

**SPECIAL PROTECTIVE ACTIONS FOR FIRE FIGHTERS:** Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS:** Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

FOR NON-EMERGENCY PERSONNEL: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

FOR EMERGENCY RESPONDERS: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

SMALL SPILL: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

LARGE SPILL: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

### **Precautions for safe handling**

PROTECTIVE MEASURES: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, watercourses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

ADVICE ON GENERAL OCCUPATIONAL HYGIENE: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas

where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION			
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Hexamethylene diisocyanate homopolymer 28182-81-2	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Cyclohexanamine, N,N-dimethyl-, compounds with 3-(cyclohexylamino)-1-propanesulfonic acid-blocked 1,6-diisocyanatohexane homopolymer 666723-27-9	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

GENERAL HYGIENE CONSIDERATIONS: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

EYE/FACE PROTECTION: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

HANDS PROTECTION: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at

all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**BODY PROTECTION:** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**OTHER SKIN PROTECTION:** Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<p><b>Appearance :</b> Liquid, light yellow</p> <p><b>Odor threshold :</b> N/A</p> <p><b>Melting point :</b> N/A</p> <p><b>Flash Pt(F/C) :</b> ca. 365°F (185°C) (DIN EN 22719)</p> <p><b>Flammability (solid, gas) :</b> N/A</p> <p><b>Vapor pressure :</b> HDI Polyisocyanate: 5.2 X 10<sup>-9</sup> @ 68°F (20°C) mmHg</p> <p><b>Relative density :</b> Approximately 1.15 @ 20°C (68°F)</p> <p><b>Partition coefficient:n- N/A octanol/water :</b></p> <p><b>Decomposition temp :</b> ca. 357.8°F (181°C)</p>	<p><b>Odor :</b> Slight</p> <p><b>PH :</b> N/A</p> <p><b>Boiling point :</b> Decomposition</p> <p><b>Evaporation rate :</b> N/A</p> <p><b>LEL/UEL :</b> N/A</p> <p><b>Vapor density :</b> N/A</p> <p><b>Solubility :</b> Insoluble - Reacts slowly with water to liberate CO<sub>2</sub> gas</p> <p><b>Autoignition temp :</b> ca.833°F (445°C) (DIN 51794)</p> <p><b>Viscosity :</b> Approximately 800 mPa.s @ 68°F (20°C)</p>
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### Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**REACTIVITY:** No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**CHEMICAL STABILITY:** The product is stable.

**POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Mixture Toxicity

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 23mg/L

#### Component Toxicity

Exposure to this material may affect the following organs:

#### Effects of Overexposure

EYE CONTACT: Causes serious eye irritation.

INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

SKIN CONTACT: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

INGESTION: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

EYE CONTACT: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering, redness.

INHALATION: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing, wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma.

SKIN CONTACT: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

INGESTION: No specific data.

### Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Component Ecotoxicity

None

### Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS: Dispose of in compliance with all local, state and federal government regulations.

### Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This material is classified for transport as follows:

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Proper Shipping Name</u>	<u>UN Number</u>	<u>Packing Group</u>	<u>Hazard Class</u>
DOT	Non-Regulated Material			

**Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):** WARNING!

This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin:

- None

**CERCLA-SARA Hazard Category:** This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

- None

**Sara Section 313:** This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

- None

**Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

**Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**

<b>HEALTH</b>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<b>HMIS &amp; NFPA Hazard Rating</b> Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard <b>0 = INSIGNIFICANT</b> <b>1 = SLIGHT</b> <b>2 = MODERATE</b> <b>3 = HIGH</b>
<b>FLAMMABILITY</b>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	
<b>PHYSICAL HAZARD</b>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	
<b>PERSONAL PROTECTION</b>	<input type="text" value="X"/>	

Westcoat Specialty Coating Systems believes, to the best of its knowledge, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Westcoat Specialty Coating Systems makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Reviewer Revision

Date Prepared: 5/19/2016